

Gardex Thinner

Section 1. Identifica	ation
GHS product identifier	: Gardex Thinner
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product code	: 10741
Product description	: Thinner.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of the	substance or mixture and uses advised against
	Identified uses
Lles in costings Consumer u	se: Apply this product only as specified on the label.

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning.
Hazard statements	: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statements	
General	: P102 - Keep out of reach of children.
Prevention	 P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.
Response	: P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
Storage	: P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 - Keep cool.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
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Section 2. Hazards identification

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Substance		
Other means of identification	: Not available.		
CAS number/other identifiers			
CAS number	: Not available.		
EC number	: Not available.		
Product code	: 10741		
Ingredient name		%	CAS number
hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics		100	64742-48-9

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	 Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

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Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	1	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symptom	<u>ns</u>	

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Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	:	No specific data.
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	:	No specific data.
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Indication of immediate medi Notes to physician		<u>ttention and special treatment needed, if necessary</u> Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
		No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.		
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".		
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environment pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).		
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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Control parameters		
Occupational exposure limits		
None.		
Recommended monitoring procedures	:	Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures		
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 shounds assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid export gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following p unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of p side-shields.	sure to liquid splashes, mists, rotection should be worn,
Skin protection		
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with be worn at all times when handling chemical products his is necessary. Considering the parameters specif check during use that the gloves are still retaining the should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any different for different glove manufacturers. In the cas several substances, the protection time of the gloves estimated.	s if a risk assessment indicates ried by the glove manufacturer, protective properties. It glove material may be se of mixtures, consisting of
	There is no one glove material or combination of mat	
	esistance to any individual or combination of chemic The breakthrough time must be greater than the end The instructions and information provided by the glov storage, maintenance and replacement must be follo	use time of the product. e manufacturer on use,
	Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is an naterial.	
	Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may b	-
	damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed area applied once exposure has occurred.	s of the skin but should not be
	Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016. Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (> 0.3 mm)	: nitrile rubber (> 0.4 mm),
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be being performed and the risks involved and should be before handling this product. When there is a risk of vear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls	e approved by a specialist ignition from static electricity, protection from static
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protections selected based on the task being performed and the approved by a specialist before handling this product	risks involved and should be
Respiratory protection	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, sele appropriate standard or certification. Respirators mu espiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting aspects of use.	st be used according to a
	f workers are exposed to concentrations above the e espirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask when spraying this product, according to EN 14387(a confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air res of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.	with charcoal and dust filter s filter combination A2-P2). In

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Clear.
Odour	: Characteristic.
Odour threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: Not applicable.
Boiling point	: Lowest known value: 155 to 217°C (311 to 422.6°F)(hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics).

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Flash point	:	Closed cup: 43°C (109.4°F)
Burning time	1	Not applicable.
Burning rate	:	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not applicable.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	1.4 - 7.6%
Vapour pressure	1	Highest known value: 0.1 to 0.3 kPa (0.8 to 2.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics).
Vapour density	1	Not available.
Relative density	1	0.77 g/cm ³
Solubility	1	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	1	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Lowest known value: 280 to 470°C (536 to 878°F) (hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics).
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
SADT	:	Not available.
Viscosity	1	Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)
Aerosol product		

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

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Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

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<u>Teratogenicity</u> Not available.			
Reproductive toxicity Not available.			
Carcinogenicity Not available.			
<u>Mutagenicity</u> Not available.			
Sensitisation Not available.			
Irritation/Corrosion Not available.			
<u>Acute toxicity</u> Not available.			
Information on toxicological	effects		

Section 11. Toxicological information

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result	
hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes	cyclics, < 2% aromatics ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Eye contact	: No specific data.

Potential chronic health effects

General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

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Gardex Thinner Section 12. Ecological information LogPow BCF Potential Product/ingredient name 10 to 2500 hydrocarbons, C9-C11, nhigh alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics

Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. 2 Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information					
	UN	IMDG	IATA		
UN number	UN3295	UN3295	UN3295		
UN proper shipping name	Hydrocarbons, liquids, n.o.s. (hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics)	Hydrocarbons, liquids, n.o.s. (hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics)	Hydrocarbons, liquids, n.o.s. (hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics)		
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3		
Packing group	III	III	III		
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.		
Special precautions for user	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.		
Additional information	-	Emergency schedules F-E, S-D	-		

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Section 14. Transport information

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	1	Not available.		
ADR / RID	:	Tunnel restriction code: (D/E) Hazard identification number: 30		
IMDG Code Segregation group	:	Not Applicable		
Section 15. Regulatory information				

<u>Hazardous Substance Act B.E. 2535 (1992)</u>			
<u>Type</u>			
Ingredient name	<u>Type</u>		

<u>Authority</u>

Conditions

No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information				
History				
Date of printing	:	09.06.2023		
Date of issue/Date of revision	:	09.06.2023		
Date of previous issue	:	06.06.2023		
Version	:	2.08		
Key to abbreviations	:	ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient		
References	1	Not available.		

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.