SAFETY DATA SHEET



Safeguard Universal ES Comp B

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Safeguard Universal ES Comp B
Product code	: 1063
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Product description	: Hardener.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Industrial use Use in coatings - Professional use

Supplier's details	5
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: 佐敦涂料(张家港)有限公司 江苏省张家港保税区扬子江化学工业园长江路15号 215634 电话: +86 512 58937988 传真: +86 512 58937986

Jotun Coatings (Zhangjiagang) Co. Ltd No.15 Changjiang Road Jiangsu Yangtze River International Chemical Industry Park, Zhangjiagang Free Trade Zone, Jiangsu Province 215634 Tel: +86 512 58937988 Fax: +86 512 58937986

Jotun Paints (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd, Lot 7 Persiaran Perusahaan, Section 23 40300 SHAH ALAM, Selangor Darul Ehsan Malaysia Tel: +603 51235500 Fax: +603 51235599

SDSJotun@jotun.com

: Jotun Coatings (Taiwan) Ltd. Co. Tel: +886 2 87705061

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
substance or mixture	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5
	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
	AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 3

GHS label elements

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger.
Hazard statements	 H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H303 - May be harmful if swallowed. H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	 P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.
Response	 P304 + P310 - IF INHALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P301 + P310, P330, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303 + P361 + P353, P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	 P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

Product name	% (w/w)	CAS number	Туре
Phenol, methylstyrenated	≥50 - ≤75	68512-30-1	[1]
fatty acids, c18-unsatd., dimers, polymers with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	≥10 - <25	68082-29-1	[1]
benzyl alcohol	≤10	100-51-6	[1]
formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	<10	135108-88-2	[1]
xylene	≤10	1330-20-7	[1] [2]
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	≤9.1	90-72-2	[1]
ethylbenzene	≤3	100-41-4	[1] [2]
salicylic acid	<1	69-72-7	[1]

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

产品名称	% (w/w)	CAS号码	类型
甲基苯乙烯化苯酚	≥50 - ≤75	68512-30-1	[1]
c18-不饱和脂肪酸的二聚物和 tall-oil 脂肪酸,三乙基四胺的聚合物	≥10 - <25	68082-29-1	[1]
苯甲醇	≤10	100-51-6	[1]
聚甲基环己烯胺	<10	135108-88-2	[1]
二甲苯	≤10	1330-20-7	[1] [2]
2,4,6-三(二甲基胺甲基)苯酚	≤9.1	90-72-2	[1]
乙苯	≤3	100-41-4	[1] [2]
水杨酸	<1	69-72-7	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary fir	st aid measures
Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Section 4. First aid measures

Most important symptoms/e	ffeo	cts, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effec	<u>ts</u>	
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	May be harmful if swallowed.
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	ton	<u>15</u>
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	1	No specific data.
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Indication of immediate med	ica	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	1	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 5. Firefighting measures

mode.	Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Section 7. Handling and storage

	Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well- ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits		
xylene	TW Minstry of Labor, labor permissible workplace exposure standards, allowable concentration (Taiwan, 3/2018). [xylenes] STEL: 542.5 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.		
ethylbenzene	TW Minstry of Labor, labor permissible workplace exposure standards, allowable concentration (Taiwan, 3/2018). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 542.5 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours.		

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection measure	<u>95</u>
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Hand protection	 There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016. Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) < 1 hour: PVC (> 0.5 mm) Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: Viton® (> 0.7 mm), 4H/Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm), Teflon (> 0.35 mm), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (> 0.3 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm) May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: neoprene (> 0.35 mm), butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm)
	For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.
	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Eye protection	: Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Body protection	: Use chemical-resistant protective suit / disposable overall.
	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Brown.
Odour	: Characteristic.
Odour threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not applicable.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: 35°C (95°F)
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.3% Upper: 13% (benzyl alcohol)
Vapour pressure	4 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

	V	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
ethylbenzene	9.30076	1.2					
xylene	6.7	0.89					
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	0.056	0.0075	EU A.4				
benzyl alcohol	0.05	0.0067					
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	<0.0098	<0.0013					
Phenol, methylstyrenated	0.0075	0.001	OECD 104				
formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	0.00041	0.000055					
salicylic acid	0.00016	0.000021					
fatty acids, c18-unsatd., dimers, polymers with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	0	0					
elative vapour density	: Not av	ailable.			1		
ensity	: 1.01 g/	/cm³					
olubility(ies)	:						
Media	R	esult					
cold water	N	ot soluble					

	Mculu	Result
	cold water	Not soluble
	hot water	Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n- : Not a octanol/water		applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature

Auto-ignition temperature :			
Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	337.78	640	
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	382	719.6	EU A.15
fatty acids, c18-unsatd., dimers, polymers with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	401	753.8	
Phenol, methylstyrenated	>385	>725	DIN 51794
xylene	432	809.6	
ethylbenzene	432.22	810	
benzyl alcohol	436	816.8	
salicylic acid	540	1004	

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity

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: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (>20.5 cSt)
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Particle characteristics Median particle size

: Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability	: The product is stable.		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage	and use, hazardous r	eactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition braze, solder, drill, grind or expose		
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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials

- Hazardous decomposition products
- : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
benzyl alcohol	LD50 Oral	Rat	1230 mg/kg	-
formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	LD50 Oral	Rat	300 mg/kg	-
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	11 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	LD50 Oral	Rat	1673 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male	11 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit Bot	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Phenol, methylstyrenated	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal -	-	-	-
		species			
		unspecified			
fatty acids, c18-unsatd.,	Eyes - Irritant	Mammal -	-	-	-
dimers, polymers with tall-oil		species			
fatty acids and		unspecified			
triethylenetetramine					
	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal -	-	-	-
		species			
		unspecified			
benzyl alcohol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal -	-	-	-
		species			
	The second state of the second	unspecified		07	
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60	-
		Dabbit		microliters	
2,4,6-tris	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50	-
(dimethylaminomethyl)				hà	
phenol	Chin Covers invitant	Det		0.05 ml	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rat Mammal -	-	0.25 ml	-
salicylic acid	Eyes - Mild irritant		-	-	-
		species			
	Skin - Mild irritant	unspecified Mammal -			
		species	-	-	-
		unspecified			
	1	unspecified			

Sensitisation

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Phenol, methylstyrenated	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
fatty acids, c18-unsatd., dimers, polymers with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Developmental toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
salicylic acid	-	-	Positive	Rat	Oral: 150 mg/kg	-

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name		Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name		Route of exposure	Target organs
formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated ethylbenzene	Category 2 Category 2		kidneys hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes
of exposure: Not available.Potential acute health effects
Eye contact
Inhalation: Causes serious eye damage.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.

Section 11. Toxicological information

		- <u>-</u>
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Delayed and immediate effe	<u>cts</u>	as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>iect</u>	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
General	:	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Safeguard Universal ES Comp B benzyl alcohol formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	3380.1 1230 300	19066.7 N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	76.9 11 N/A	N/A N/A N/A
xylene 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol ethylbenzene salicylic acid	N/A 1673 N/A 500	1100 N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A	11 N/A 11 N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
5	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
salicylic acid	Acute LC50 32 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia longispina - Neonate	21 days

Section 12. Ecological information

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
benzyl alcohol	-		Readily Beadily
xylene ethylbenzene	-		Readily Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
Phenol, methylstyrenated	3.627	-	low	
benzyl alcohol	0.87	<100	low	
formaldehyde, polymer with	-	209 to 219	low	
benzenamine, hydrogenated				
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low	
2,4,6-tris	0.219	-	low	
(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol				
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low	
salicylic acid	2.21 to 2.26	-	low	

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. **Disposal methods** Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN3469	UN3469	UN3469
UN proper shipping name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE
Transport hazard class(es)	3 (8)	3 (8)	3 (8)
Packing group			
Date of issue/Date of revi	sion : 29.05.2024 Date of	f previous issue : 29.05.2024	Version : 1.06 12/14

Section 14. Transport information

Environmental hazards	No.		No.	No.	
Additional information					
ADR/RID		: Tunnel restriction of Hazard identification Special provisions:	on number: 38		
IMDG		: Emergency sched	<u>lules</u> F-E, S-C		
		Segregation Group	o: 18 - Alkalis		
Special precautions	for user	: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that a upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to a the event of an accident or spillage.			
Transport in bulk ac	cording	: Not available.			

to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

TCCSCA List of toxic chemicals
Not applicable.
TCCSCA List of concerned chemicals
Not applicable.
OSHA Enforcement Rules : This product contains substances "Specially hazardous to health": xylene. Article 28
Organic solvent poisoning : Type 2 prevention rule
Priority management chemicals, Article 2
CMR chemical substances, category 1 (Article 2.2 (I)) : Applicable
International regulations
Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.
Montreal Protocol Not listed.
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants
Not listed.
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

Justification
On basis of test data
Calculation method

References

Section 16. Other information

Organisation that prepared the SDS	:	Jotun AS, Norway +47 33 45 70 00
<u>History</u>		
Date of printing	:	29.05.2024
Date of previous issue	1	29.05.2024
Version	:	1.06
Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

V Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.